Consort

MANUAL

HANDLEIDING

MODE D'EMPLOI

ANLEITUNG



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C931

C932

C933

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CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION

This is to certify that:

Consort NV

Turnhout

Has been assessed by QualityMasters in respect of its Quality Management System and found to comply with:

NBN EN ISO 9001:2000

Approval is hereby granted for registration providing the rules and conditions relating to certification are observed at all times.

Scope: Production of high-end equipment for electrochemistry and electrophoresis.

Original approval: 2005-08-29 Current certificate: 2005-09-17 Certificate expiry: 2010-08-29 Certificate number:BE-0211-317

Authorized signatory

For QualityMasters Belgium

This certificate remains the property of QualityMasters.

WARRANTY CERTIFICATE

This instrument (excluding all accessories) is warranted against defective material and workmanship for a period of thirty-six (36) months from the date of shipment ex factory.

CONSORT will repair all defective equipment returned to it during the warranty period without charge, provided the equipment has been used under normal laboratory conditions and in accordance with the operating limitations and maintenance procedures in this instruction manual and when not having been subject to accident, alteration, misuse or abuse.

A return authorisation must be obtained from **CONSORT** before returning any product for warranty repair on a freight prepaid basis!

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DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

We declare under our sole responsibility that the product

Multi-channel analysers content of the type numbers C931, C932, C933

to which this declaration relates is in conformity with the following standards

EN61010

LOW VOLTAGE DIRECTIVE 73/23/EEG

EN50081-1

EN50082-1

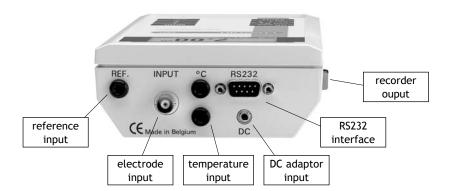
EN60555-2

EMC DIRECTIVE 89/336/EEG

Turnhout, March 27, 2003

on behalf of CONSORT nv

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This instrument is manufactured with the latest technology and needs no particular maintenance. **Consort** certifies that this instrument was thoroughly inspected and tested at the factory prior to shipment and found to meet all requirements defined by contract under which it is furnished. However, dimensions and other physical characteristics may differ.

The normal operating temperature should be between 0° and 40° C. Never use the instrument in a room with high humidity (>95 %) or at very low temperatures (condensation water!).

Manufacturer

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Warranty

This instrument (excluding all accessories) is warranted against defective material and workmanship for a period of thirty-six (36) months from the date of shipment ex factory. Consort will repair all defective equipment returned to it during the warranty period without charge, provided the equipment has been used under normal laboratory conditions and in accordance with the operating limitations and maintenance procedures in this instruction manual and when not having been subject to accident, alteration, misuse or abuse. A return authorisation must be obtained from Consort before returning any product for warranty repair on a freight prepaid basis!

Consort is not liable for consequential damages arising out of the use or handling of its products.

Servicing

In the event of this instrument being returned for servicing, the owner is requested to remove the power supply lead and **NOT** to send the following items unless they are suspect:

Manual

Cables

Accessories

If serious malfunctioning occurs, stop using the unit immediately and consult your local **Consort** dealer.

Batteries

The batteries can be replaced by opening the bottom compartment of the cabinet. Only use NiMH batteries!

AC adaptor

Remove the protective silicone stopper from the DC socket and connect the jack of a suitable AC adaptor (model A4070 for 230 V~ or model A4071 for 120 V~) to the DC socket for recharging the NiMH batteries. Avoid to use an AC adaptor without NiMH batteries being inserted in the instrument! For field work, remove the adaptor and re-insert the protective silicone stopper into the DC socket. Do not hold the adaptor by wet hand!

Keyboard

MODE = Selects all modes or escapes from error traps, calibration procedures,

etc..by returning to the original mode.

 $\leftarrow \rightarrow \uparrow \downarrow \downarrow =$ Button for entering a value or for selecting a function.

CAL = Starts or proceeds a calibration or a function.

PRINT = Displayed value is printed through the RS232 output.

HELP = Built-in manual.

HOLD = Holds display when measuring.ON/OFF = Switches the instrument on or off.

The measuring electrode should be connected to the coaxial INPUT connector. If separate electrodes are used, connect the reference electrode to the REF. terminal. Automatic temperature compensation and temperature measurements are possible by plugging a Pt1000 temperature probe into the °C terminals. You can also use a combination pH electrode with built-in Pt1000. Its banana plugs should be inserted in the °C terminals. Without Pt1000, the manual temperature compensation is automatically switched on.

Recorder output

A recorder can be connected to the red (+) and black (-) terminals. Use only laboratory recorders with a high input impedance!

Digital output

A standard RS232 output terminal (DP9) is provided for interfacing the instrument with a printer or computer. Data is sent in the ASCII code at a BAUD rate of 300...9600 bps (8 bit, no parity, 1 stopbit).

Serial port pinout specifications:

pin 1: connected to pin 4 and pin 6

pin 2: TxD, transmit data

pin 3: RxD, receive data

pin 4: connected to pin 1 and pin 6

pin 5: Gnd, signal ground

pin 6: connected to pin 1 and pin 4

pin 7 : connected to pin 8 pin 8 : connected to pin 7 pin 9 : not connected

System

- 1. Select [MENU] by pressing MODE.
- 2. Select [SYSTEM] and press CAL.
- **3.** Follow the instructions on the screen to adjust language, contrast and automatic power-off timer.

Date and Time

- 1. Select [MENU] by pressing MODE.
- 2. Select [DATE/TIME] and press CAL.
- 3. Adjust the date and press CAL to adjust the date.
- 4. Adjust the time and press CAL to adjust the time.

Recorder

- 1. Select [MENU] by pressing MODE.
- 2. Select [RECORDER] and press CAL.
- 3. Select the desired channel and press CAL.
- 4. Select the desired range and press CAL (only for conductivity).
- **5.** Select the desired minimum level corresponding to a 0 V recorder output and press **CAL**.
- **6.** Select the desired maximum level corresponding to a 2 V recorder output and press **CAL**.

Password

- 1. Select [MENU] by pressing MODE.
- 2. Select [PASSWORD] and press CAL.
- 3. A private code can be programmed to avoid undesired access to the instrument. Choose [YES] and press CAL to enter your secret sequence of 5 keys.

- A blinking decimal point warns you for unstable measurements. Wait to read the display!
- Stirring the solution during the measurements promotes the homogeneity and is obligatory!
- The instrument will refuse automatic calibration when the electrode is unstable. Insufficient stirring or a worn electrode may be the cause.

pH measurement

- 1. Select [pH] by pressing MODE. The display will immediately show the measured value according to the previous calibration. Should you want to recalibrate, press CAL.
- 2. The display shows up to five of the 9 buffers in memory, e.g. [7.00] and [4.00]. Select the proper values or enter manually special values and press CAL. The unused buffers should be switched off.
- 3. Rinse the electrodes with distilled water and immerse them in the first buffer solution. Select [CALIBRATE], press CAL and follow the instructions on the screen until the calibration is finished.
- **4.** After rinsing the electrodes with distilled water, immerse them in the samples and read the display.
- **5.** Rinse the electrodes always with distilled water after use and store them in a 3...4 M KCl solution.

Using pH electrodes with an abnormal zero point:

- 1. Select [E0 = x mV] and press CAL.
- 2. Enter the zero point of the electrode and press CAL.

mV measurement

- 1. Select [mV] by pressing MODE. The display will immediately show the measured value according to the previous calibration. Should you want to recalibrate, press CAL.
- 2. Immerse the electrodes in a standard solution of known potential, adjust to the proper value and press CAL.
- Press lacktriangle to change the resolution from 1 to 0.1 mV.

Temperature measurement

- Select [°C] by pressing MODE. Without Pt1000, adjust the manual temperature compensation and proceed by pressing MODE. Should you want to recalibrate, press CAL.
- 2. Immerse the Pt1000 in a standard solution of known temperature. Calibrate to the proper value and press CAL.

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Measurement:

- 1. Select [S/cm] by pressing MODE. The display will immediately show the measured value according to the previous calibration. Should you want to recalibrate, press CAL.
- 2. The display shows the three standards in memory. Select the proper values or enter manually special values and press CAL. The unused standards should be switched off.
- 3. Select the temperature to which all future measurements will be referred to (REF=25°C) and press CAL.
- **4.** Select whether or not automatic temperature compensation (ATC) should be applied and press **CAL**.
- **5.** After rinsing the electrode several times with the first standard solution, immerse it in that standard. The solution temperature is not so critical but should lie between 0°C and 30°C. When no Pt1000 is used, do not forget to compensate manually first! Select [CALIBRATE], press **CAL** and follow the instructions on the screen until the calibration is finished.
- **6.** Rinse the electrode several times with the sample, immerse it in that solution and read the display.
- 7. Rinse the electrode always after use and store it in distilled water (add some detergent to keep the spongy platinum surface in perfect condition).
- When starting a titration, press **\vee** to lock the actual range and avoid crossover errors due to differences in the measuring frequency. Press **MODE** to return to the normal measuring mode.

Capacitive compensation:

1. Capacitive compensation increases accuracy in the very low conductivity ranges (<10 μ S/cm). Select whether or not this compensation should be applied. Verify if the attached electrode is completely dry and press CAL. Select [COMP.ON] or [COMP.OFF] and press CAL. Follow the instructions on the screen.

Resistivity measurement

1. Select $[\Omega.cm]$ by pressing MODE. The display will immediately show the measured value according to the previous calibration. Should you want to recalibrate, press CAL. Proceed as for conductivity.

Salinity measurement

1. Select [SAL] by pressing MODE. The display will immediately show the measured value according to the previous calibration. Should you want to recalibrate, press CAL. Proceed as for conductivity.

TDS measurement

1. Select [TDS] by pressing MODE. The display will immediately show the measured value according to the previous calibration. Should you want to recalibrate, press CAL. Proceed as for conductivity.

- 1. Select [O₂] by pressing MODE. The display will immediately show the measured value according to the previous calibration. Should you want to recalibrate, press CAL.
- (C932, C933)
- 2. The display shows the salinity correction. Select the proper value and press CAL. Leave salinity correction to zero unless you are going to measure in heavily salted solutions such as e.g. sea-water (35 g/l). Select [CALIBRATE], press CAL and follow the instructions on the screen until the calibration is finished.
- 3. The electrode exposed to the air reaches an equilibrium corresponding to the partial pressure of oxygen and thus to saturation in water at the given temperature. The instrument shows the measured saturation, current, temperature, and will calibrate automatically when readings are stable.
- 4. After rinsing the electrodes with distilled water, immerse them in the samples and read the display. Stirring the solution during the measurements promotes the homogeneity and is **obligatory!** The advection rate must be at least 10 cm/s.
- 5. Rinse the electrode always after use and store it in distilled water.
- A blinking decimal point warns you for unstable measurements. Wait to read the display!
- Stirring the solution during the measurements promotes the homogeneity and is therefore always recommended.

%O₂ measurement

1. Select [%O₂] by pressing MODE. The display will immediately show the measured value according to the previous calibration. Should you want to recalibrate, press CAL. Proceed as for mg/l.

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Air pressure measurement

1. Select [hPa] by pressing MODE. Should you want to recalibrate, press CAL.

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2. Adjust to the real air pressure and press CAL.

Principle (C932, C933)

The oxygenmeter and its electrode function according to the Clark principle with silver as cathode and lead as anode in an electrolyte cell. Oxygen gas present in the electrolyte is reduced to OH ions at the cathode. The resulting current is diffusion limited and therefore proportional to the oxygen concentration in the sample solution. This current is amplified, corrected, and displayed in mg/l, ppm or % dissolved oxygen.

Interferences

(C932, C933)

All substances which can diffuse through the membrane and for which 800 mV potential suffices for polarographic reduction, will be reduced in the electrode. This will give a corresponding current contribution, if they are present. Interference can be caused by ions entering the electrode through porous or mechanically damaged membranes and by diffusion of other reactive gases apart from oxygen, e.g. CO₂, Cl₂, SO₂, and H₂S. These substances react in undesired manner with the electrode. Acidic or basic gases change the pH value of the electrolyte solution and thus disturb the reading, particularly when measuring small oxygen concentrations. High salt concentrations in the sample solution can falsify readings too.

A pH electrode is active and stable only after wetting! For this purpose it must be immersed for at least ten hours in a 3...4 M KCl solution. During short interruptions (e.g. storage) the electrode should be immersed in a 3...4 M KCl solution. In doing this it is always kept ready for use. When the interruption is longer than a month, refill the closing cap with 3...4 M KCl and plug it on the electrode tip in order to protect the glass bulb. Before use, ensure that the reference part of the electrode is topped up with a 3...4 M KCl solution.

Avoid a low pressure inside the electrode! Therefore always remove the closure from the refilling aperture during the measurements as well as during the calibration. This allows the saltbridge solution to flow through the ceramic liquid junction and prevents contamination of the electrolyte. For the same reason, the inside level should always be higher than the outside level of the measuring solution. Close the refilling aperture again when storing the electrode.

A polluted electrode may be cleaned with a soft detergent or 0.1 M HCl. Greasy substances may be removed with acetone or alcohol (never do this with plastic electrodes!).

If the electrode is polluted by proteinaceous materials (such as blood), it should stand in a cleaning solution overnight and then be cleaned with distilled water before use. The pH electrode wears away by being used. If the electrode tends to respond slower and calibration becomes difficult, even after cleaning, it should be replaced by a new one.

Maintenance of metal electrodes

Metal electrodes (Pt, Ag, Au): Metal electrodes are always ready for use. During short interruptions they are immersed in distilled water. **They should be cleaned regularly:**

- Silver electrodes are immersed in a concentrated ammonia solution during one hour.
- Platinum or gold electrodes are immersed in concentrated nitric acid during one hour.

Maintenance of conductivity electrodes

A conductivity cell is active and stable only after wetting! For this purpose it must be immersed for at least one hour in distilled water. Rinse the cell always after use and store it in distilled water (add some detergent to keep the spongy platinum surface in perfect condition).

A polluted cell may be cleaned with a soft detergent or diluted nitric acid. Greasy substances may be removed with acetone or alcohol (never do this with plastic electrodes!).

Maintenance of oxygen electrodes

A dissolved oxygen electrode is active and stable only when polarised! The electrode body has almost unlimited life and requires no maintenance. After prolonged use of the electrode, it may become deactivated. An indication is that the electrode no longer responds correctly to calibration. In this case:

- 1. Carefully screw off the measuring head.
- 2. Cautiously remove the precipitated deposits with the aid of filter paper. Do not use grinding paper or a glass fibre!
- **3.** Rinse several times with distilled water and shake carefully off the water drops.
- **4.** Take the measuring head, fill it with new electrolyte solution and very slowly screw it onto the electrode while holding it vertically.
- 5. Let the electrode rest for a few hours! The electrode is now ready for use again.
- Replace the membrane only when damaged, not when calibration is no longer possible!

1. Select [ION] by pressing MODE. The display will immediately show the measured value according to the previous calibration. Should you want to recalibrate, press CAL.

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- 2. Select two proper standards from the values in memory, covering your future measuring range, and press CAL.
- 3. Select [CALIBRATE] and press CAL.
- **4.** After rinsing the electrodes with distilled water, immerse them in the first standard solution. Select the first calibration value and press **CAL** when readings are stable. Go on in the same way with the second standard solution.
- **5.** Decide whether a blank correction should be carried out or not. Follow the instructions on the screen. After rinsing the electrodes with distilled water, immerse them in a blank solution. When readings are stable press **CAL**.
- **6.** Rinse the electrodes with distilled water, immerse them in the samples, and read the concentration on the display.
- Maintenance: we refer to the manual supplied with the ion specific electrodes

GLP

- 1. Select the desired range by pressing MODE and then press CAL.
- 2. Select [GLP] and press CAL.
- 3. Select [SHOW REPORT] and press CAL. Browse with ←→↑↓ to show a complete calibration report. Press PRINT to print the report.

pH/mV/Conductivity/°C-meter C931					
Date Time Version		:	15/05/2003 11:32:04 1.0		
SETTINGS Identification No Password pH/°C correction Temp. probe Manual temp.	(°C)	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	003 OFF OFF 22.6		
pH CALIBRATION Date Time Eo	(mV)	:	15/05/2003 11:20:06 0		
Buffer 4.008/6.865 Slope Zero point	(%) (pH)	:	98.4 6.871		
Buffer 6.865/9.180 Slope Zero point	(%) (pH)	:	98.2 6.879		
AVERAGE VALUES Slope Zero point Response time Temperature	(%) (pH) (s) (°C)	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	98.3 6.875 11 22.6		
STATISTICS Slope Zero point Response time	(%) (pH) (s)	:	+0.4 +0.002		

Calibration reminder

- 1. Select the desired range by pressing MODE and then press CAL.
- 2. Select [INTERVAL] and press CAL.
- 3. Select the desired time interval between each automatic warning for a new calibration of the electrodes and press CAL.

- 1. Select [MENU] by pressing MODE.
- 2. Select [DATALOGGER] and press CAL.

Start the data-logging:

- 1. Select [STORE] and press CAL.
- 2. Select [RANGE] and press CAL.
- 3. Select the desired range and press CAL.
- 4. Select [INTERVAL] and press CAL.
- 5. Select the desired time interval between the data-logging and press CAL.
- **6.** Select [NUMBER] and press **CAL**.
- 7. Select the desired number of values to be data-logged and press CAL.
- 8. Select [START] and press CAL.
- **9.** Starts the data-logging according to the previous settings while a blinking [LOG] appears. When manual data-logging has been selected, press **PRINT** to put a next measurement into memory. In the meantime the display shows the logging-number e.g. [#0027].

View the stored values on the display:

- 1. Select [RECALL] and press CAL.
- 2. Select [TABLE] or [PRINT] to display or print the stored data and press CAL to continue. Follow the instructions on the screen.

Erase the stored values:

1. Select [ERASE] and press CAL. Follow the instructions on the screen.

RS232

- 1. Select [MENU] by pressing MODE.
- 2. Select [RS232] and press CAL.
- 3. Select [BAUDRATE] and press CAL.
- 4. Select the desired baudrate and press CAL.
- 5. Select [INTERVAL] and press CAL.
- **6.** Select the desired interval between the transmitted data and press **CAL**. Preset to zero if no automatic transmitting is required.
- 7. Select [IDENTIF. No.] and press CAL.
- 8. Enter an indentification number for the transmitted data and press CAL.

Specifications		C931	C932	C933
pH	Range	-2+16 pH	-2+16 pH	-2+16 pH
	Resolution	0.001 pH	0.001 pH	0.001 pH
	Accuracy	0.1% ± 1 digit	0.1% ± 1 digit	0.1% ± 1 digit
	Calibration	15 points	15 points	15 points
	Buffers	9 pre-programmed 5 user specified	9 pre-programmed 5 user specified	9 pre-programmed 5 user specified
	Temperature Compensation	-30+130°C	-30+130°C	-30+130°C
	ISO-pH	68 pH	68 pH	68 pH
	Slope	80120%	80120%	80120%
	Zero Point (Eo)	±999 mV	±999 mV	±999 mV
mV	Range	±2000 mV	±2000 mV	±2000 mV
	Resolution	0.1 mV	0.1 mV	0.1 mV
	Accuracy	0.1% ± 1 digit	0.1% ± 1 digit	0.1% ± 1 digit
	Calibration	1 point	1 point	1 point
ION	Range			0.01 ng/l100 g/l
	Resolution			3 digits
	Accuracy Calibration			0.5% ± 1 digit
CONDUCTIVITY	Range	02000 mS/cm	02000 mS/cm	2 points + blank 02000 mS/cm
CONDUCTIVITY	Resolution	0.001 µS/cm	0.001 uS/cm	0.001 μS/cm
	Accuracy	0.5% f.s. of range	0.5% f.s. of range	0.5% f.s. of range
	Calibration	13 points	13 points	13 points
	Standards	0.01/0.1/1 M KCl, 3 user specified	0.01/0.1/1 M KCl, 3 user specified	0.01/0.1/1 M KCl, 3 user specified
	Cell Constant	0.0515.0 cm ⁻¹	0.0515.0 cm ⁻¹	0.0515.0 cm ⁻¹
	Temperature Compensation	-30+130°C	-30+130°C	-30+130°C
	Reference Temperature	20° or 25°C	20° or 25°C	20° or 25°C
	Temperature Coefficient	natural waters (EN27888)	natural waters (EN27888)	natural waters (EN27888)
	Range Lock	✓	✓	✓
	Capacitive Compensation	✓	✓	✓
RESISTIVITY	Range	0200 MΩ.cm	0200 MΩ.cm	0200 MΩ.cm
	Resolution	1 Ω.cm	1 Ω.cm	1 Ω.cm
SALINITY	Range	070 ppt	070 ppt	070 ppt
	Resolution	0.1 ppt	0.1 ppt	0.1 ppt
TDS	Range	0100 g/l	0100 g/l	0100 g/l
DISSOLVED OXYGEN	Resolution Range	0.01 mg/l	0.01 mg/l 060 mg/l (0600%)	0.01 mg/l 060 mg/l (0600%)
DISSOLVED OXTGEN	Resolution		0.01 mg/l (0.1%)	0.01 mg/l (0.1%)
	Accuracy		1% ± 1 digit	1% ± 1 digit
	Calibration		1 point	1 point
	Temperature Compensation		050°C	050°C
	Air Pressure Compensation		8001100 hPa, automatic	8001100 hPa, automatic
TEMPERATURE	Range	-30+130°C	-30+130°C	-30+130°C
	Resolution	0.1°C	0.1°C	0.1°C
	Accuracy	0.3°C	0.3°C	0.3°C
	Calibration	±10°C	±10°C	±10°C
AIR PRESSURE	Range		8001100 hPa	8001100 hPa
	Calibration		1 point	1 point
INPUTS	Measurement	BNC, 10 ¹² Ω	BNC, 10 ¹² Ω	BNC, 10 ¹² Ω
	Temperature	2 banana, for Pt1000	2 banana, for Pt1000	2 banana, for Pt1000
CALIBRATION	Reminder	0999 h	0999 h	0999 h
DICDI AY	GLP		√ 129v64 pivols	√ 129y64 piyola
DISPLAY	LCD Hold Function	128x64 pixels	128x64 pixels ✓	128x64 pixels ✓
	Selectable Resolution	∨	∨	∨
	Real Time Clock	√	∀	· ·
	Languages	EN, NL, FR, DE	EN, NL, FR, DE	EN, NL, FR, DE
RECORDER	Output	02 V, programmable	02 V, programmable	02 V, programmable
RS232	Baud Rate	30019200 b/s	30019200 b/s	30019200 b/s
	Interval	19999 s	19999 s	19999 s
DATA-LOGGING	Values	3600 + °C/date/time	3600 + °C/date/time	3600 + °C/date/time
	Modes	all (6)	all (8)	all (9)
	Manual or Timed	✓	✓	✓
	Interval	19999 s	19999 s	19999 s
SECURITY	Identification Number	✓	✓	✓
	Password Protection	✓	✓	✓
POWER SUPPLY	Mains	210250 VAC	210250 VAC	210250 VAC
	Low Voltage	915 VDC	915 VDC	915 VDC
BILLENIO: C	Batteries	4x1.2 V, AA, NiMH	4x1.2 V, AA, NiMH	4x1.2 V, AA, NiMH
DIMENSIONS	WxDxH	12x25x5 cm	12x25x5 cm	12x25x5 cm
WEIGHT	Meter	600 g	600 g	600 g